

Monthly Economic Summary

General Economy

Although December 2014 was a busy month, it was oil prices plummeting to a 5 year low, putting stress on energy exporting nations, that was most influential. The end of November saw shoppers rushing to the high street and online to make the most of the US styled Black Friday and Cyber Monday sales, pushing retail sales growth to a 10 year high. In addition, The Prudential Regulatory Authority (PRA) released the results of its stress tests of eight UK banks, with only the Co-operative Bank failing.

Growth in Manufacturing output fell to 0.7%, its biggest monthly decline since May. This was hit by a 4.5% fall in computer, electronic and optical products. Manufacturing Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) rose marginally to 53.5 from 53.3 in October due to growth in new orders helping to push employment in the sector up to a four month high. The Construction PMI fell to 59.4 from 61.4, the weakest reading since October 2013. However, Britain's services sector expanded faster than expected last month, suggesting the economy may be slowing less than previously thought. The Services PMI rose to 58.6 after falling sharply to 56.2 in October, beating all market expectations. This rise in the index was the biggest in over a year and it has exceeded the 50 level that represents growth for nearly two years. The data showed that falling oil prices, which hit a five-year low, were helping firms to offset the effect of staff costs as hiring increased at its fastest rate since July.

Inflation fell for a third consecutive month to 1% in December, the lowest level seen in 12 years. This is partly due to the strength of sterling, which has helped by cutting the price of imports, as well as downward pressure from food and oil prices.

In the Autumn Statement, Chancellor George Osborne abolished the residential slab system so in future the stamp duty rates will only apply to the part of the property price that falls within their respective bands. As a result, stamp duty will be cut for the 98% of homebuyers who pay it. Multinational firms and banks will be taxed 25% on profits generated from economic activity in the UK which gets shifted out of the country.

The PRA tested the balance sheets of eight major UK Banks to see how they would fair against another economic down turn. The results of the test came as no surprise with the Cooperative Bank being the only bank to fail to meet the required capital ratio. The part-nationalised banks Lloyds and RBS only narrowly managed to pass but they are still too vulnerable for comfort. The European Banking Association also released stress test results in December with all four UK banks passing.

UK GDP in year on year terms was revised down to 2.6% for the third quarter, down from 3.0% in a previous estimate. However, the economy is showing positive signs with supermarket competition and cheap fuel prices, encouraging consumer spending. This is also supported by unemployment remaining stable at 6% and wages outstripping inflation, showing that Britain's economy still looks on course to expand at a strong pace in 2015.

Britain's goods trade deficit narrowed in October to its lowest level in seven months. The overall trade deficit narrowed to £2.02bn in October, down nearly £800m and hitting its lowest level since March. This was due to lower fuel imports and a slight rise in exports.

The UK saw US styled "Black Friday" discounts causing record sales growth as retail sales grew at their fastest annual rate in more than a decade in November. Retail sales grew 6.4% on the year which is the fastest annual growth since May 2004. This is due to downward pressure from falling food and oil prices and rising wages, which has resulted in consumers having more money to spend. The GfK consumer confidence index, however, edged down in December to its lowest level since March, as optimism about the economy hit a 17-month low.

The US economy grew to 5.0% annually, revised up from an original estimate of 3.9%, the fastest pace of growth since the third quarter of 2003. With a rapidly strengthening labour market and lower oil prices, there should be enough momentum to keep the Federal Reserve on course to start raising interest rates by the middle of 2015. Furthermore US employers added the largest number of workers in nearly three years with Nonfarm Payrolls rising by 321,000 last month. The unemployment rate remained at a six-year low, at 5.8%. This confirms that the economy is coping well despite slowdowns in China, the Eurozone and a recession in Japan.

Housing Market

Mortgage lender Nationwide reported that British house prices eased for a fourth consecutive month in December, slowing to 0.2% from 0.3%. Year on year house prices rose by 7.2% in December.

Forecast

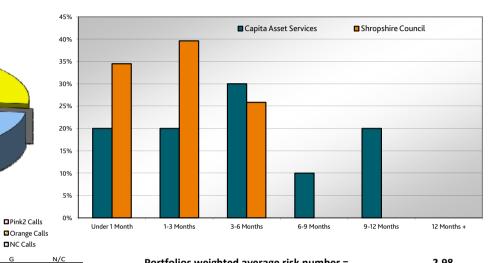
Capita Asset Services kept its Bank Rate forecast unchanged this month, expecting the first increase in Q2 2015. Capital Economics did not alter their forecast this month

Bank Rate	Dec-14	Mar-15	Jun-15	Sep-15	Dec-15
Capita Asset Services	0.50%	0.50%	0.75%	0.75%	1.00%
Capital Economics	0.50%	0.50%	0.75%	0.75%	1.00%

Current Investment List

Borrower	Principal (£)	Interest Rate	Start Date	Maturity Date	Lowest Long Term Rating	Historic Risk of Default
HSBC Bank Plc	20,000,000	0.80%		Call	AA-	0.000%
Lloyds Bank Plc	4,320,000	0.95%	09/01/2014	08/01/2015	А	0.002%
Lloyds Bank Plc	3,600,000	0.57%	06/10/2014	09/01/2015	А	0.002%
Nationwide Building Society	2,100,000	0.50%	13/10/2014	13/01/2015	А	0.003%
Nationwide Building Society	2,000,000	0.50%	22/10/2014	20/01/2015	А	0.005%
Lancashire County Council	5,000,000	0.50%	22/07/2014	22/01/2015	AA+	0.001%
Barnsley Metropolitan Borough Council	3,000,000	0.42%	17/11/2014	30/01/2015	AA+	0.001%
Nationwide Building Society	2,900,000	0.50%	05/11/2014	02/02/2015	А	0.008%
Nationwide Building Society	3,000,000	0.50%	03/11/2014	03/02/2015	А	0.008%
Barclays Bank Plc	5,000,000	0.56%		Call35	А	0.008%
Lincolnshire County Council	3,000,000	0.40%	15/10/2014	06/02/2015	AA+	0.002%
Barclays Bank Plc	3,250,000	0.51%	05/11/2014	06/02/2015	А	0.009%
Lloyds Bank Plc	1,400,000	0.57%	07/11/2014	10/02/2015	А	0.010%
Lloyds Bank Plc	900,000	0.57%	10/11/2014	11/02/2015	А	0.010%
Barclays Bank Plc	1,750,000	0.51%	11/11/2014	11/02/2015	А	0.010%
Lloyds Bank Plc	1,520,000	0.95%	13/02/2014	12/02/2015	А	0.010%
Birmingham City Council	5,000,000	0.45%	15/08/2014	16/02/2015	AA+	0.002%
Cornwall Council	5,000,000	0.45%	03/09/2014	03/03/2015	AA+	0.003%
Birmingham City Council	5,000,000	0.50%	03/12/2014	03/03/2015	AA+	0.003%
Lloyds Bank Plc	5,000,000	0.95%	07/03/2014	06/03/2015	А	0.015%
Lloyds Bank Plc	3,260,000	0.95%	02/04/2014	01/04/2015	А	0.022%
National Westminster Bank Plc	15,000,000	0.30%		Call95	BBB+	0.052%
Lloyds Bank Plc	5,000,000	0.95%	09/04/2014	08/04/2015	А	0.023%
Lloyds Bank Plc	5,000,000	0.95%	17/04/2014	16/04/2015	А	0.025%
Lancashire County Council	5,000,000	0.58%	01/10/2014	01/07/2015	AA+	0.008%
Total Investments	£116,000,000	0.62%				0.013%

Portfolio Breakdown by Capita Asset Services' Suggested Lending Criteria



Portfolios weighted average risk number =

2.98

% of Colour Amount of % of Call Excluding Calls/MMFs/EMMFs in Calls **Colour in Calls** in Portfolio WAM at Execution % of Portfolio Amount WARoR WAM WAM at Execution WAM Yellow 26.72% £31,000,000 0.00% £0 0.00% 0.48% 67 165 67 165 0 0 Pink1 0.00% £0 0.00% £0 0.00% 0.00% 0 0 Pink2 0.00% £0 0.00% £0 0.00% 0.00% 0 0 0 0 £0 £0 0 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0 0 0 Purple 0.00% Blue 38.79% £45,000,000 33.33% £15,000,000 12.93% 0.68% 73 239 62 311 17.24% £20,000,000 100.00% £20,000,000 17.24% 0.80% 0 0 0 0 Orange 17.24% £20,000,000 £5,000,000 32 77 31 91 Red 25.00% 4.31% 0.52% Green 0.00% £0 0.00% £0 0.00% 0.00% 0 0 0 0 £0 No Colour 0.00% 0.00% £0 0.00% 0.00% 0 0 0 0 34.48% 52 150 58 100.00% £116,000,000 34.48% £40,000,000 0.62% 208

Yellow

Purple

1 Up to 5yrs

Red

Yellow Calls

Purple Calls

Dig

1.5

Up to 5yrs

Red Calls

Pi1

Up to 5yrs

Pink1

🗖 Blue

Green

Up to 2yrs

Pink1 Calls

Blue Calls

Up to 1yr

Green Calls

Pink2

Orange

■ No Colour

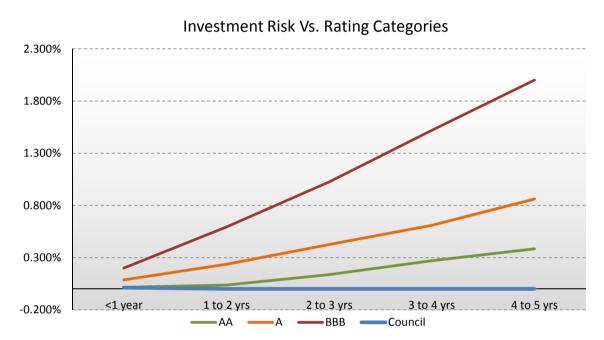
■NC Calls

Up to 1yr Up to 6mths Up to 100days No Colour

WARoR = Weighted Average Rate of Return WAM = Weighted Average Time to Maturity

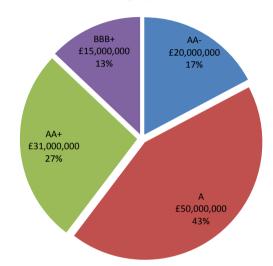


Investment Risk and Rating Exposure



Historic Risk of Default					
Rating/Years	<1 year	1 to 2 yrs	2 to 3 yrs	3 to 4 yrs	4 to 5 yrs
AA	0.017%	0.038%	0.137%	0.271%	0.384%
А	0.087%	0.237%	0.425%	0.610%	0.861%
BBB	0.201%	0.595%	1.025%	1.519%	2.000%
Council	0.013%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%

Rating Exposure



Historic Risk of Default

This is a proxy for the average % risk for each investment based on over 30 years of data provided by Fitch, Moody's and S&P. It simply provides a calculation of the possibility of average default against the historical default rates, adjusted for the time period within each year according to the maturity of the investment.

Chart Relative Risk

This is the authority's risk weightings compared to the average % risk of default for "AA", "A" and "BBB" rated investments.

Rating Exposures

This pie chart provides a clear view of your investment exposures to particular ratings.

Monthly Credit Rating Changes

FITCH

Date	Update Number	Institution	Country	Rating Action
15/12/2014	1316	France Sovereign Rating	France	Downgraded to 'AA' from 'AA+', removed from 'Negative Watch' and placed on a 'Stable' Outlook.

Monthly Credit Rating Changes MOODY'S

Date	Update Number	Institution	Country	Rating Action
02/12/2014	1313	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation Europe Ltd	LIK	Moody's downgraded the Long Term Rating to 'A1' from 'Aa3', placed on a Stable Outlook. Affirmed Short Term Rating at 'P-1'. The Financial Strength Rating remained at 'C' with a Stable Outlook.
19/12/2014	1318	HSBC Bank USA, N.A.	1154	Affirmed Long Term Rating at 'A1', 'Stable' Outlook. Affirmed Short Term Rating at 'P-1'. Affirmed Financial Strength Rating at 'C-', Outlook changed to 'Stable' from 'Negative'.
19/12/2014	1319	ING Bank NV	Netherlands	Affirmed Long Term Rating at 'A2', 'Negative' Outlook. Affirmed Short Term Rating at 'P-1'. Affirmed Financial Strength Rating at 'C-', Outlook changed to 'Stable' from 'Negative'.

Monthly Credit Rating Changes S&P

Date	Update Number	Institution	Country	Rating Action
02/12/2014	1314	Bank of America, N.A.	U.S.A	Affirmed the Long Term Rating at 'A', Outlook changed to 'Stable' from 'Negative'. Affirmed the Short Term Rating at 'A-1'.
02/12/2014	1314	Merrill Lynch International	UK	Affirmed the Long Term Rating at 'A', Outlook changed to 'Stable' from 'Negative'. Affirmed the Short Term Rating at 'A-1'.
05/12/2014	1315	Saudi Arabia Sovereign Rating	Saudi Arabia	Affirmed at 'AA-', Outlook changed to 'Stable' from 'Positive'.
17/12/2014	1317	Arab National Bank	Saudi Arabia	Affirmed at 'A', Outlook changed to 'Stable' from 'Positive', Short Term Rating Affirmed at 'A-1'.